Mass Spectrometer and How to Find Atomic Mass

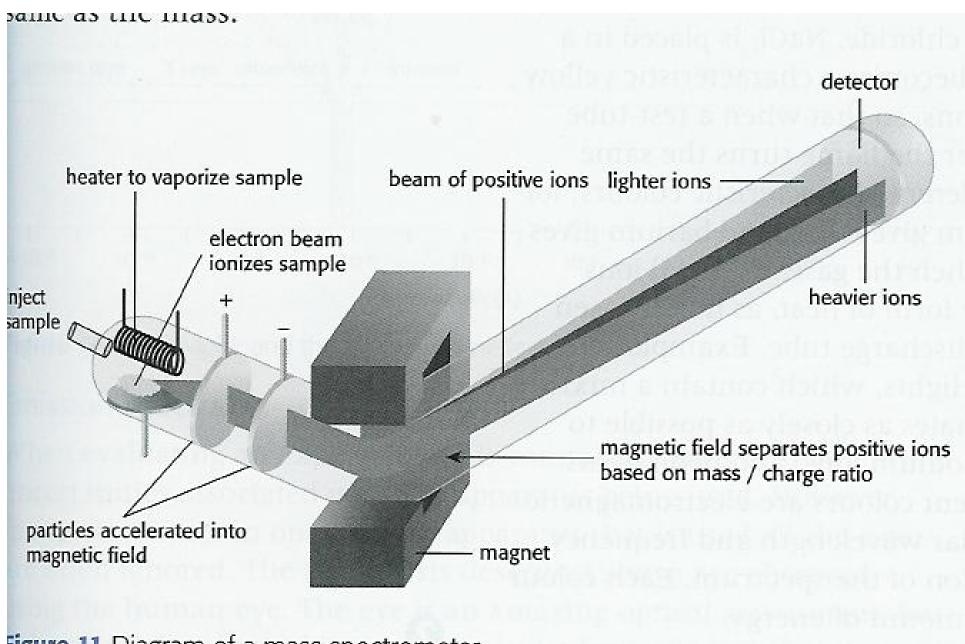
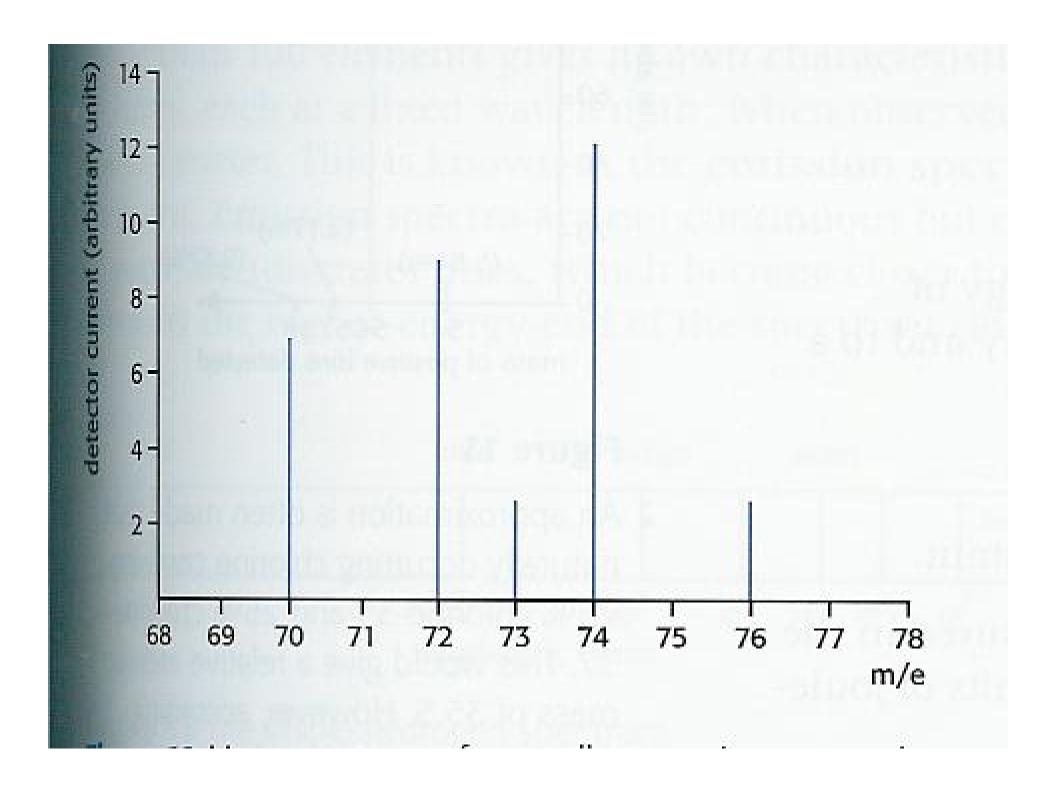


Figure 11 Diagram of a mass spectrometer

It has several stages of operation that you must get familiar with (i.e. learn!):

- 1. injection of the sample
- 2. vaporization of the sample (if it's not already gaseous)
- 3. ionization of the sample
- 4. acceleration of the ions
- 5. deflection of the ions
- 6. detection of the ions



The relative abundance of all the isotopes can be calculated in a similar way (Table 4).

The relative atomic mass of germanium is given by

=72.7

$$A_{\rm r} = \frac{(70 \times 20.5) + (72 \times 27.4) + (73 \times 7.8) + (74 \times 36.5) + (76 \times 7.8)}{100}$$

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Isotope	Relative abundance / %	
70	20.5	
72	27.4	
73	7.8	
74	36.5	
76	7.8	