

Specific Heat Worksheet

$C = q/m\Delta T$, where q = heat energy, m = mass, and T = temperature

1. A 15.75-g piece of iron absorbs 1086.75 joules of heat energy, and its temperature changes from 25°C to 175°C. Calculate the heat capacity of iron.
2. How many joules of heat are needed to raise the temperature of 10.0 g of aluminum from 22°C to 55°C, if the specific heat of aluminum is 0.90 J/g°C?
3. To what temperature will a 50.0 g piece of glass raise if it absorbs 5275 joules of heat and its heat capacity is 0.50 J/g°C? The initial temperature of the glass is 20.0°C.
4. Calculate the heat capacity of a piece of wood if 1500.0 g of the wood absorbs 6.75×10^4 joules of heat, and its temperature changes from 32°C to 57°C.
5. 100.0 mL of 4°C water is heated until its temperature is 37°C. If the specific heat of water is 4.18 J/g°C, calculate the amount of heat energy needed to cause this rise in temperature.
6. 25.0 g of mercury is heated from 25°C to 155°C, and absorbs 455 joules of heat in the process. Calculate the heat capacity of mercury.
7. What is the Specific heat capacity of silver metal if 55.00 g of the metal absorbs 198 joules of heat and the temperature raises 15.0°C?
8. What is the change in temperature of 150.0 g of chloroform if it absorbs 1000.0 joules of heat, and the specific heat of chloroform is 0.96 J/g°C?